

P.R. GOVT. COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), KAKINADA
I year B.Sc., Degree Examinations - II Semester
Mathematics Course-II: Three Dimensional Analytical Solid Geometry
(w.e.f. 2020-21 Admitted Batch)

Total Hrs. of Teaching-Learning: 75 @ 6 hr/Week

Total credits: 05

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Course Outcomes: After successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

- Get the knowledge of planes.
 - Basic idea of lines, sphere and cones.
 - Understand the properties of planes, lines, spheres and cones.
 - Express the problems geometrically and then to get the solution
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COURSE SYLLABUS:

UNIT – I: The Plane

(12 Hours)

Equation of plane in terms of its intercepts on the axis, Equations of the plane through the given points, Length of the perpendicular from a given point to a given plane, Bisectors of angles between two planes, Combined equation of two planes, Orthogonal projection on a plane.

UNIT – II: The Line

(12 Hours)

Equation of a line; Angle between a line and a plane; The condition that a given line may lie in a given plane; The condition that two given lines are coplanar; Number of arbitrary constants in the equations of straight line; Sets of conditions which determine a line; The shortest distance between two lines; The length and equations of the line of shortest distance between two straight lines; Length of the perpendicular from a given point to a given line.

UNIT – III: The Sphere

(12 Hours)

Definition and equation of the sphere; Equation of the sphere through four given points; Plane sections of a sphere; Intersection of two spheres; Equation of a circle; Sphere through a given circle; Intersection of a sphere and a line; Power of a point; Tangent plane; Plane of contact; Polar plane; Pole of a Plane; Conjugate points; Conjugate planes.

UNIT – IV: The Sphere and Cones

(12 Hours)

Angle of intersection of two spheres; Conditions for two spheres to be orthogonal; Radical plane; Coaxial system of spheres; Simplified form of the equation of two spheres.

Definitions of a cone; vertex; guiding curve; generators; Equation of the cone with a given vertex and guiding curve; equations of cones with vertex at origin are homogenous; Condition that the general equation of the second degree should represent a cone.

UNIT –V: Cones

(12 Hours)

Enveloping cone of a sphere; right circular cone: equation of the right circular cone with a given vertex, axis and semi vertical angle: Condition that a cone may have three mutually perpendicular generators; intersection of a line and a quadric cone; Tangent lines and tangent plane at a point; Condition that a plane may touch a cone; Reciprocal cones; Intersection of two cones with a common vertex.

Co-Curricular Activities:

(15 Hours)

Seminar/ Quiz/ Assignments/ Applications of Differential Equations to Real life Problem /Problem Solving.

Prescribed Text Book:

Analytical Solid Geometry by Shanti Narayan and P.K. Mittal, published by S. Chand & Company Ltd. 7th Edition.

Reference Books :

1. A text book of Mathematics for BA/B.Sc Vol 1, by V Krishna Murthy & Others, published by S. Chand & Company, New Delhi.
2. A text Book of Analytical Geometry of Three Dimensions, by P.K. Jain and Khaleel Ahmed, published by Wiley Eastern Ltd., 1999.
3. Co-ordinate Geometry of two and three dimensions by P. Balasubrahmanyam, K.Y. Subrahmanyam,
4. G.R. Venkataraman published by Tata-MC Gran-Hill Publishers Company Ltd., New Delhi.

BLUE PRINT FOR QUESTION PAPER PATTERN
COURSE-II, THREE DIMENSIONAL ANALYTICAL SOLID GEOMETRY

Unit	TOPIC	S.A.Q	E.Q	Marks allotted to the Unit
I	The Plane	2	2	30
II	The Line	2	2	30
III	The Sphere	2	2	30
IV	The Sphere and Cones	1	2	25
V	Cones	1	2	25
Total		8	10	140

S.A.Q. = Short answer questions (5 marks)

E.Q = Essay questions (10 marks)

Short answer questions : 4 X 5 = 20

Essay questions : 4 X 10 = 40

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Total Marks = 60
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Model Paper (w.e.f. 2020-2021)

Time: 2Hrs 30 min

Max. Marks: 60

PART - I

Answer any FOUR questions. Each question carries FIVE marks.

4 X 5 M=20 M

1. Find the equation of the plane through the point (-1,3,2) and perpendicular to the planes $x+2y+2z=5$ and $3x+3y+2z=8$.
2. Find the bisecting plane of the acute angle between the planes $3x-2y-6z+2=0$, $-2x+y-2z-2=0$.
3. Find the image of the point (2,-1,3) in the plane $3x-2y+z=9$.
4. Show that the lines $2x + y - 4 = 0 = y + 2z$ and $x + 3z - 4 = 0, 2x + 5z - 8 = 0$ are coplanar.
5. A variable plane passes through a fixed point (a, b, c). It meets the axes in A,B,C. Show that the centre of the sphere OABC lies on $ax^{-1} + by^{-1} + cz^{-1} = 2$.
6. Show that the plane $2x-2y+z+12=0$ touches the sphere $x^2+y^2+z^2-2x-4y+2z-3=0$ and find the point of contact.
7. Find the equation to the cone which passes through the three coordinate axes and the lines $\frac{x}{1} = \frac{y}{-2} = \frac{z}{3}$ and $\frac{x}{2} = \frac{y}{1} = \frac{z}{1}$
8. Find the equation of the enveloping cone of the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 + 2x - 2y = 2$ with its vertex at (1, 1, 1).

PART - II

Answer ALL the questions. Choose At least one from each section. Each question carries TEN marks.

4 X 10 M = 40 M

SECTION-A

- 9 (a). A plane meets the coordinate axes in A, B, C. If the centroid of ABC is (a, b, c), show that the equation of the plane is $\frac{x}{a} + \frac{y}{b} + \frac{z}{c} = 3$

(Or)

- (b). A variable plane is at a constant distance p from the origin and meets the axes in A, B, C . Show that the locus of the centroid of the tetrahedron $OABC$ is

$$x^{-2} + y^{-2} + z^{-2} = 16 p^{-2}.$$

- 10 (a). Find the shortest distance between the lines $\frac{x-2}{2} = \frac{y-2}{3} = \frac{z-3}{4}$ and $\frac{x-2}{3} = \frac{y-4}{4} = \frac{z-5}{5}$.

(Or)

- (b). Prove that the lines $\frac{x-1}{2} = \frac{y-2}{3} = \frac{z-3}{4}$; $\frac{x-2}{3} = \frac{y-3}{4} = \frac{z-4}{5}$ are coplanar. Also find their point of intersection and the plane containing the lines.

- 11 (a). Show that the two circles $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 - y + 2z = 0$, $x - y + z = 2$;

$$x^2 + y^2 + z^2 + x - 3y + z - 5 = 0, 2x - y + 4z - 1 = 0 \text{ lie on the same sphere.}$$

(Or)

- (b). Find the equation of the sphere which touches the plane $3x + 2y - z + 2 = 0$ at $(1, -2, 1)$ and cuts orthogonally the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 - 7x + z + 23 = 0$.

SECTION-B

- 12 (a). Find the limiting points of the coaxial system of spheres

$$x^2 + y^2 + z^2 - 8x + 2y - 2z + 32 = 0, x^2 + y^2 + z^2 - 7x + z + 23 = 0.$$

(Or)

- (b). Find the equation to the cone with vertex is the origin and whose base curve is

$$x^2 + y^2 + z^2 + 2ux + d = 0.$$

- 13 (a). Prove that the equation $\sqrt{fx} \mp \sqrt{gy} \mp \sqrt{hz} = 0$ represents a cone that touches the coordinate planes and find its reciprocal cone.

(Or)

- (b). Find the equation of the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 - 2x + 4y - 1 = 0$ having its generators parallel to the line $x=y=z$.